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SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 15, 1894.

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## THE TRIBUNE REACHES MORE BUSINESS MEN THAN ANY OTHER MORNING PAPER

### CONVENTION OF STRIKERS

Cleveland's Great Concourse of Miners and Operators.

### THE BIG OPERATORS ARE AT ODDS

A Meeting of Vast Importance--Determined Attitude of the Members of the Union Attested--Tens of Thousands of Workmen and Artisans All Over the Country Will Be Affected by the Outcome.

CLEVELAND, May 14. EVERY train arriving in this city during the night and early hours of the morning brought delegates to attend the miners' convention today, and the conference which takes place tomorrow at the Chamber of Commerce between the miners and operators.

Secretary P. J. McBryde voiced the sentiments of a good many delegates when he answered a suggestion as to a compromise.

"No, sir," he said, "we did not come here for a compromise, and thus far we have no such words in our vocabulary. Nothing short of what we ask will give the miners living wages, and for that we contend. We can hold out for three months, but we have no desire to do so. For that reason we came to this conference."

Mr. McBryde would not for a moment consider the subject of settlement in different localities without reference to what is done elsewhere. "The only condition under which work will be resumed," he continued, "is a settlement for all the states, as was originally announced."

The declaration means that the miners and operators of the Pittsburgh district are as far apart as possible.

The latter decided at their conference in Pittsburgh on Friday that they would not participate in the convention, and that they would settle with their men without consulting the officers of the United Mine Workers.

The operators of mines in the Ohio fields have all along signified their willingness to make a settlement with their men through their national organizations and the Pittsburgh district men are not backward in asserting that the Ohio operators are backing the strikers, hoping that the miners will force the Pittsburghers to pay a rate of 70 cents, which will give the Hooking Valley and Jackson operators a difference of 11 cents a ton in their favor, 9 cents on the mining rate and 2 cents on the freight rate.

MILLIONS ARE INVOLVED. Millions of dollars are involved in the outcome of the conference between the strikers and the operators. It is not a matter in which the miners and operators are solely interested. Another month of idleness at the bituminous coal centers affected will work incalculable injury to no small part of the country.

Thousands of thousands of wage workers who are not interested directly or indirectly in the miners' troubles will be made innocent victims of the determination of the trades organizations or the equally strong determination of the mine owners. Dispatches from Chicago and many of the leading towns in Illinois say that the coal situation there is almost exhausted and that a few days more may witness the general shutting down of manufacturing establishments, of gas and electric plants, of waterworks, the stoppage of elevators in big commercial and residence buildings.

Every mine affected by the strike is represented in the conference by miners and operators. The call is signed by John McBride, as president, and Patrick McBryde, as secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, and for the operators by W. H. Malcomb, president of the White Block Coal company of Chicago; J. A. Smith, Tally, of Terre Haute; J. S. Martin, of Cincinnati, O.; and E. L. Robinson, of Pittsburg.

The miners are opposed to any compromise, while the operators favor the immediate rate, which runs from 50 to 65 cents in Illinois and Indiana to 70 cents in Pittsburgh. This is the first national strike among the miners in twenty years, and if they succeed in ending the interstate agreement adopted it will be their greatest victory.

### GERMAN MINERS' CONGRESS.

Miners from All Parts of the Earth Meet in Germany Today.

BERLIN, May 14.—The miners' international congress opened here today in Concordia festival hall in the Andreasstrasse. Thomas Burt, member of the British parliament, was elected chairman, and Herr Singer welcomed the delegates on behalf of the Socialist movement of the reichstag.

Herr Legien made an address, in which he dwelt upon the importance of the miners' organization, saying that it was the most powerful in the world.

Benjamin Pickard, also a member of the British parliament, on behalf of the foreign delegates, thanked the congress for the cordial welcome extended to the latter. Two delegates from the United States are expected.

### RAILROADS LACK FUEL.

The New York Central Taking Trains Off and Burning Wood.

ALBANY, May 14.—Between Saturday and midnight last night twelve trains were taken off this division of the Central railroad and more will be dropped today because of lack of soft coal. In the East Albany locomotives are now stored all the engines of the trains pulled off. Today all switch engines in the East and West Albany yards began burning wood for fuel.

In East Albany, where all passenger engines that run between Albany and New York take their supply, fifteen cars of coal are on hand, which can last but a day or two at the most.

In St. Johnsville, where most of the coal is stored as it comes from the

mines, there is less on hand at present than there has been in forty years.

On Saturday night five shifting engines in service at the West Albany shifting yards and three service trains were taken off. Yesterday only five freight trains left West Albany bound west. Several small fast freight trains left for New York. The track men have received orders to collect all ties and other wood lying along the lines of the road for use for fuel.

### RESERVES NOT NUMEROUS.

Coxeyite Demonstration at Denver Is a Pretty Fizzle.

DENVER, May 14.—The demonstration by the Coxeyite reserves yesterday did not come up to the expectations so far as the parade was concerned. The column, instead of containing 10,000 people, as predicted, was composed of barely 500 led by a single band. At the speakers' stand, however, fully 10,000 persons were assembled.

Addresses were made by General Master Workmen Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor; Jay Cook, Jr., "General" Hegener, of the Denver Coxey reserve; and Judge Kerr, of Pueblo.

### CRANK AT THE CAPITOL.

A Burly Colored Man Creates Excitement by Dire Prophecies in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—During the consideration of a district bill in the house, a burly colored man in the public gallery, the man arose and addressed the speaker, saying that if the Coxey bill was not passed, the white house, treasury and capitol would be destroyed by thunder and lightning. The speaker directed the doorkeeper to remove the man, which was done with some difficulty.

The crank's name is Matthew A. Cherry. He is a big, burly negro and is a blacksmith, residing in this city. He insists that he is not insane, but his mind is manifestly unbalanced.

When questioned by the police he said that unless the Coxey road bill was passed the nation would be a general destruction of government property in Washington. Congress would be given until May 21 to pass the bill. If it did not become a law by that time the public buildings would be destroyed by bombs. He was arrested by the Capitol police and taken to the guard room in the basement of the Capitol. He was retained in the guard room about thirty minutes when he was taken to the Sixth precinct station.

Before entering the gallery Cherry endeavored to see Speaker Crisp. He called at the corridor which runs to the rear of the house chamber and was stopped by the doorkeeper. A colored messenger went to the door of the speaker's room. When the crank demanded to see the speaker, the doorkeeper asked his business. The crank replied that he desired an audience with Speaker Crisp, but refused to state for what reason. When the doorkeeper again sternly refused to comply with his request, the crank faced about and went up in the gallery, where he was arrested within half a moment after he began his harangue.

### TO BURN ANTHRACITE.

Soft Coal Locomotives to Be Prepared for a Fizzle.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., May 15.—In consequence of the bituminous strike orders have been given here to firemen on the Philadelphia and Erie and the Schuylkill Valley railroads in many instances to prepare their fire boxes in anticipation of burning anthracite coal to raise steam for the locomotives in their charge.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad company were to have changed from hard to soft coal on the first day of May, but the strike in the bituminous region prevented them from making the change.

### IN OUR OWN COMMONWEALTH.

In two days thirty-five alleged fish poachers have been arrested in Allegheny county.

St. George's Lutheran church, at Shenandoah, one of the finest in the county, was dedicated Sunday.

For using a cut fork mock for chase, Alderman H. E. Wickel and three other men of Reading have given bail for trial at court.

The Perry county Republican convention instructed its delegates to vote for Hastings, Robinson, Mylin, Latta, Grow and Huff.

Caught by a train midway on a railroad bridge at Reading, Walker Meyer leaped fifty feet into the river below and escaped with a broken leg.

While handling a charge of dynamite at Locust Gap an explosion occurred, killing John Frank, of Pottsville, fatally injuring Paul and seriously injuring Henry Errol.

The Avondale hotel owned by James Duffy, of Plymouth, was wrapped in flames yesterday and in less than one hour was burned to the ground. Loss \$5,000, fully insured. Origin not known.

By an explosion of gas yesterday at the Bear Ridge colliery, Pottsville, John Hartenstein was instantly killed, Robert Dalton and Michael Ryan fatally burned, and William Meany and James Ryan severely burned.

### WASHINGTON NOTES.

Secretary Carlisle limits the seal catch to 7,500.

Marvynoff Bay, Turkish minister, is slowly recovering from a serious illness.

The government has begun to take precautionary measures against the admission of yellow fever into the country.

The trial of Colonel Ainsworth and Contractor Dant, indicted for manslaughter in the Pacific coast disaster, is expected to occupy a part of the week.

The house committee on agriculture has reported favorably a bill transferring the geological survey and fish commission to the department of agriculture.

The National museum has secured an extensive series of minute chipped stone implements from India, which were collected in caves and rock shelter, among the northern and northwestern hills, and in grave mounds.

The office of foreign mail has announced that samples of articles composed of glass or other fragile material, in unsealed packages, will be admitted in the mails between the United States and certain foreign countries.

### COXEY'S ARMY MOVES AGAIN

The Restless Commonwealers Emigrate to Bladensburg.

### AT GEORGE WASHINGTON HOTEL

The Gate Money Didn't Materialize in the Desired Volume at Hyattsville, So the Army Shook the Dust of the Town from Their Feet Yesterday Morning for a More Profitable Location--Now Quartered at a Points of Historical Interest.

### WASHINGTON, May 14.

RESTLESS Coxeyites made another move this morning. Spa water, laundry grocers, and unlimited opportunities for personal cleanliness have not the same attractions for them as prospects of gate money and abundant free rations. Besides, the Hyattsville people in organizing vigilance committees and swearing in sheriffs' possees, and appealing to the state authorities for aid to suppress a nuisance manifested, in any least of it, an inhospitable spirit.

So as some of the barkeepers in the neighboring village of Bladensburg seemed desirous of having the presence of the Coxey army in their neighborhood to draw custom, and as the use of the yard surrounding the famous old hotel, the George Washington House, in Bladensburg, was tendered them, Brown and Coxey last night determined to move their ragged Flatfoot army out of Hyattsville into Bladensburg. They were induced to make the change for several reasons. Camp Liberty was comparatively inaccessible, except to persons who drove out there in carriages or buggies. But the Coxeyites who had not that mode of locomotion were compelled either to wade a creek of running "spas" or walk or "coon" it over a log bridge high above the stream. Consequently the gate money received yesterday was not enough to pay expenses. The new camping ground round the Bladensburg hotel, which has been kindly placed at their disposal, is a fine one, and so the managers will be able to exact an admission fee from all visitors. The move was made this morning at 9 o'clock. Brown announced it in the following characteristic style:

"In the Field, Camp Liberty, near Hyattsville, Md., May 13, 1894.—Comrades: We have spent a glorious day in this camp, despite the blinding clouds, and we entered upon the part of a few old gentlemen of Hyattsville, who, as it was a moonlight night last evening, got frightened at the noise of our camp, and we have been favored by a number of the good people of that place today, many ladies, who all expressed themselves that the insult to us by the so-called indignation meeting was uncalled for."

TOMORROW morning bugle call at 7 a. m. breakfast at 8. At 9 o'clock strike camp and move to the ground in the rear of the George Washington hotel, Bladensburg, where we will remain until we are ordered to move. Our headquarters will be in the old George Washington hotel, once the headquarters of the man in whose honor it was named when he was fighting the English gold ring.

Brother Coxey and wife and little Legal Tender will also take up quarters in the hotel, which has been kindly placed at our service during our stay in the neighborhood. Marshal C. T. McKee will attend to donations as usual, tomorrow, and will take as Brothers Lewis, Lortz, and Alex. Alcorn.

For special reasons every member is expected to remain in camp tomorrow unless granted a pass, with forfeiture of badge for disobedience. Fewer more of "Daniel Galt's" men joined us today, and I have organized Committee A of the California community.

(Signed) "Carl Browne."

Desertions and accessions appear to run on nearly equal feet. A number of stragglers from Galvin's crowd in Pennsylvania dropped into camp yesterday. On that day and Saturday there were about forty new recruits, and about fifty of those who marched out from "Camp Tyranny" in Washington failed to answer roll call this morning.

### WILSON ELECTROCUTED.

The Murderer of Detective Harvey Calmly Meets His Fate.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 14.—"Dink" Wilson, the murderer, was electrocuted at Auburn prison at 12:45 today. He passed a comfortable night and exhibited no fear or anxiety.

Wilson shot and killed Detective James Harvey, of Syracuse, on July 31 last. The murderer and his brother were being taken to the police station by the detective, charged with burglarly, when Wilson shot. The men ran, but "Dink" was caught. His brother George was arrested later, and now awaits trial.

### UNKNOWN'S ARMY DISBANDED.

The Rival of Coxey Unable to Hold His Troops.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—What was left of "Unknown's" or "Mountbank" Smith's contingent of the commonwealth army has been formally disbanded by him.

Some of the men went to join Coxey at Bladensburg, and the rest to Baltimore, where they will join Smith, who leaves for that place today.

### VICTIMS OF THE OIL FIRE.

The Two Who Were Most Seriously Injured Will Recover.

BRADFORD, Pa., May 14.—Of the thirty persons injured and burned in yesterday's oil refinery fire, Firemen Crosby and Coleman are the most seriously injured.

Both are doing well and will recover.

### STATE LEAGUE SCALPS.

They Are Desired by Opponents of the President and Secretary.

READING, Pa., May 14.—Manager Witman, of the Reading team, has called a meeting for Thursday next of the owners of the State league teams, in signing the call for the meeting

Manager Witman signs himself president pro tem of the league. If a quorum is had at the meeting the disputes that have been going on in the league will be thoroughly discussed and may be stopped.

It is said that an effort will be made at the meeting to depose the present president and secretary of the League.

### CIRCUIT COURT CONVENES.

Twenty Five Cases on the Issue List at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 14.—The May term of the United States circuit court opened today. Justice Acheson on the bench. Of the twenty-five cases on the issue list, fifteen were continued.

Among them was the famous case of James and Ann Jenkins against the South Fork Fishing and Hunting club, a relic of the Johnstown flood, and that of Ann McFarland against the Drake, Stratton company, limited, to recover damages for the death of her husband during the building of the Sixth street bridge.

### GENERAL MCCARTNEY BURIED.

The Distinguished Soldier at Rest with Military Honors.

WILKES-BARRE, May 14.—The body of the late Gen. William H. McCartney lay in state here today and was witnessed by over 1,000 persons. The funeral took place this afternoon and the cortege was one of the largest seen here for years.

The general was buried with military honors and many prominent grand army men from various parts of Pennsylvania, New York, and Massachusetts were present.

### DYNAMITE IN A TUNNEL.

Strikers Accused of an Attempt to Block Traffic on the Baltimore and Ohio.

UNIONTOWNS, Pa., May 14.—Great excitement was caused this morning by the announcement that an attempt had been made yesterday by the strikers to blow up the Morcan tunnel, on the state line branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. The railroad officials are very reticent over the matter.

The story goes that a large quantity of dynamite was found in the tunnel, but information of a plot to destroy it was received in time to prevent the plan from being carried out. The cause of the attempt lies in the fact that the Baltimore and Ohio company is daily bringing hundreds of cars of raw coal into the region from the West Virginia mines and to destroy the tunnel would stop such shipments for months.

At Potomac, this morning a few men attempted to work, but were prevented from entering the tunnel by the strikers, but there was but little trouble, a few of those who attempted to go to work being beaten out not seriously.

Today the strikers leased 400 acres adjoining Hill Farm and a large number will camp there indefinitely, hoping to prevent work at that plant which today is running full.

The house of a workman at Fair Chance was visited by the strikers, but there was but little trouble, a few of those who attempted to go to work being beaten out not seriously.

Today the strikers leased 400 acres adjoining Hill Farm and a large number will camp there indefinitely, hoping to prevent work at that plant which today is running full.

### NO ESCAPE FOR NELSON.

Convict Evans Will Have to Serve Out His Sentence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.—Nelson F. Evans, who was convicted and sentenced to five years' imprisonment for misappropriation of the funds of the Spring Garden National bank of Philadelphia, will have to serve out the remainder of his term.

The judgment of the district court of the United States for the eastern district of Pennsylvania was today affirmed by the supreme court of the United States.

### MURDERED BY THUGS.

Daniel Boyer, of Shamokin, Found Dead with a Broken Head.

SHAMOKIN, May 14.—Daniel Boyer, of Shamokin township, was found dead in his carriage with his head battered in near his home yesterday morning. The day previous he left home for a trip to Dauphin county. It is thought by some that robbers held him up and killed him when he resisted.

He was a prominent man in the community and a farmer in moderate circumstances.

### GRIM REAPER'S HARVEST.

Henry Kraft, a well-known railroad engineer on the Reading road for 21 years.

Senator Joseph H. Ramsey, 78 years old, at Howe's Cave, N. Y. Well known in railroad circles.

Captain Charles C. Morrison, of the United States Ordnance Corps, at Governor's Island, N. Y., of appendicitis.

Dr. George W. Brown, 36 years old, secretary of the New Jersey Medical Board, of Long Branch, N. J., at Trenton, N. J.

Rev. Frank Chandler, D. D., 62 years old, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of Asbury Park, N. J., from apoplexy. Deceased had been in the ministry for 34 years.

### FLASHED FROM THE WIRES.

A \$1,000,000 fortune falls to Miss Mabel Banks, a Marinette (Wis.) typewriter, and four other relatives.

Opening a closet door in a Cheyenne (Wyo.) church revealed the body of William E. Hillis, who disappeared after a quarrel with his father.

New Yorkers are protesting against confectioners selling breads drop candy to children. About 200 drops will yield a teaspoonful of brandy.

The body of a man supposed to be Professor Anton Staim, was found hanging from a tree yesterday by a policeman in Van Cortlandt park, New York.

### MR. PLATT IS SENSATIONAL

He Calls Attention to the Surrender of Democrats to the Sugar Trust.

### HEARD IN THE HALLS OF CONGRESS

Seventh Week of the Tariff Debate Opens in an Interesting Manner. A Ray of Light Cast Upon the Sugar Speculators--Rates of Duties Fixed Upon Perfumery, Alum, Ammonia, Etc.--District of Columbia Business and Other Proceedings in the House.

### WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.

THE seventh week of the tariff bill in the senate began today. There was the usual quantity of discussion over the various items which were reached, but its quality was not nearly up to the daily advance of that of the past two weeks. The Republican senators were not so active in harassing the foe and the Democrats avoided debate, though not so earnestly as previously.

Mr. Platt, Connecticut, made a somewhat sensational speech in the discussion of the tariff on sugar. He said that such a tariff had been passed as the surrender of all the Democratic senators except Mr. Miller, to the sugar trust.

In response to a statement of Mr. Harris, Tennessee, that this bill carried a duty of 30 cents on refined sugar against the one-half cent in the McKinley bill, Mr. Platt said the present bill did no such thing. There was not a man connected with the sugar trust as stockholder or speculator in Wall street, who did not understand it, and there was not a senator who had demanded the increase who did not understand it.

### ITEMS DISCUSSED.

The sugar question was further discussed by Senators Allison, Vest and Caffery. There were seven items in the bill considered and disposed of. The result was as follows: On alcoholic perfumery, 25 cents per gallon and 50 cents ad valorem; on alumina, alum, alum cake, etc., four-tenths cent per pound, on carbonate of ammonia, 20 per cent ad valorem; on muriate of ammonia, 10 per cent; on sulphate of ammonia, 20 per cent.

### HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

In the house today on motion of Mr. DeLoach (Rep. Penn.) a bill was passed authorizing the construction of a bridge over the Monongahela river from a point near Dixon street, Homestead to the city of Pittsburgh.

The rest of the day was devoted to the consideration of business pertaining to the District of Columbia, and the house at 4:30 adjourned until tomorrow.

### MEETING OF ODD FELLOWS.

Great Gathering of Patriarchs and Other Members of the Order at Altoona.

ALTOONA, Pa., May 14.—The three links of odd fellowship and the red and purple ribbons combined worn by the members of the grand encampment of Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania, were conspicuous on our streets before 9 o'clock this morning. After that hour they and their wearers were concentrated at the East Side theater where the annual meeting of grand encampment was held today. The morning session was called to order by Grand Patriarch George H. Wicks, of Philadelphia.

The report of the grand scribe, James B. Nicholson, next read, showed that \$22,000 had been collected for the use of the grand encampment, and that there are at present 15,350 patriarchs in the order, a net increase of 114, and contained the detailed report of the relations of the grand encampment to the relief of patriarchy and their widows and children as \$74,924.71, which, together with \$38,438.15 for the working expenses of the department, made a grand total of \$107,645.32. Grand Treasurer John S. Hays was the next officer heard and gave the cheering information that there was a balance of \$1,000.72 in the treasury.

At the afternoon session a resolution was passed to participate in tomorrow's parade. The next business was the report of the election committee, the election of grand encampment officers having been held on the first Monday in March. The report was as follows: Grand patriarch, E. J. Brinkman, of Encampment No. 317, Lancaster, 1,745 votes; grand scribe, F. L. B. Keefe, of No. 51, Philadelphia, 1,730 votes; grand senior warden, O. W. Jeffries, of No. 2, Allegheny, 1,740 votes; grand scribe, James B. Nicholson, of No. 37, Philadelphia, 1,740 votes. For grand junior warden there were three candidates, all of Philadelphia, who received the following vote: H. H. Hughes, No. 47, 750; W. H. Cogwell, No. 287, 800; and George E. Spangler, No. 57, 188. H. Stearns, of No. 101, Allegheny, was chosen grand representative to the sovereign grand lodge by a vote of 1,745.

### TALMAGE TALKS BUSINESS.

Will Not Preach Again Unless \$250,000 Is in Sight.

NEW YORK, May 14.—It is reported that at a meeting of the trustees of Dr. Talmage's tabernacle Sunday night, the pastor gave the officers of the church his ultimatum. It was that he would not resume charge of the church until \$250,000 in cash had been raised for a new building and site.

He declared that he would never undertake to raise another church debt or preach in a church that was not clear of all incumbrances.

Dr. Talmage said that he feared his day's of pastoral work was over. It is reported, and insisted that he had no

plans beyond completing his lecture tour around the world and then making Brooklyn his home. It was found that the insurance money and the sale of the land where the church stood would clear the organization of debt, but leave it without resources with which to erect another structure. Dr. Talmage declared he would take no part or interest in any plan unless the sum of \$250,000 was in bank before any work was done.

### JOHN Y. MCKANE'S APPEAL.

Dismissed by the General Term of the Supreme Court.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., May 14.—In the general term of the supreme court today John McKane's appeal from the sentence of Justice Barnard of \$250 fine and thirty days' imprisonment for contempt of court was dismissed.

The argument in McKane's appeal from the sentence for years' imprisonment in Sing Sing will be heard as soon as a judge is selected to sit in place of Judge Cullen.

### BIG DEAL IN IRON ORE.

Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company Purchases Robert H. Coleman's Interests at Cornwall.

Yesterday morning the final deal was effected by which all of Robert H. Coleman's interests in the Cornwall ore banks and the furnaces at Cornwall and Lebanon, Pa., were sold to the Lackawanna Iron and Steel company of Scranton. The sum total paid is said to have been \$1,000,000, of which \$1,000,000 was cash. This includes 100 shares in the Cornwall ore banks, the two anthracite furnaces at Cornwall, the two Gasconade furnaces, and the controlling interest in the Cornwall and Lebanon railroad; also a farm of 125 acres in connection with the anthracite furnaces.

The sale was made by Mr. Coleman's assignees, the Pennsylvania company, for insurance on lives and granting annuities. The transaction leaves Mr. Coleman his home at Cornwall, one farm at Blomerville and another below Cornwall, and the Colebrook estate which includes Mt. Gretna. It is claimed that the sale will secure the payment of all Mr. Coleman's debts including the arrears to depositors of the Trust and Safe Deposit bank.

It is declared that the purchasers contemplate building two new furnaces in the vicinity of Cornwall in the near future, and that the deal was made with that end directly in view on their part.

### LUMBER CAMP FIRE.

Stock of Emery and O'Brien Swept Away.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., May 14.—The lumber camp of Emery and O'Brien, situated in the woods back of Cummel, this county, was wiped out by a forest fire yesterday, together with a saw mill and 2,000,000 feet of lumber. The drought had rendered the woods as dry as tinder, and the flames spread with alarming rapidity, eating up everything in their path. The fire was attended by several narrow escapes from death and many exciting scenes. The occupants of the camp thought at first they could save the camp if they tried and so directed the attention to that instead of to saving their clothing, etc. Before they were aware of it, the fire was upon them and they realized their danger and started for Titman's railroad, about one mile from the camp. By wading in front run and following its course, after many mishaps they finally reached the railroad.

David Foley and J. C. Chamberlain, Harry O'Brien and J. C. Chamberlain, were compelled to seek safety under a ledge of rock, and threw water on each other to keep from catching on fire. As it was, all were more or less burned.

Mr. Duncan McCallister separated from the rest and took another course and when he reached the railroad, a fine pair of shoes which he had on were completely worn out. He laid down once completely exhausted, and never expected to be able to rise, but after resting a little while he made another effort and finally reached the railroad in safety.

As soon as the news reached Cummel, Titman's engine, manned by Engineer McCallister and a volunteer fireman, with about twenty men and as many buckets, started for the scene of disaster. When they reached what is called O'Brien's switch they left the engine and found that by close and careful watching they could save about 1,000,000 feet of lumber piled near the switch. The woods for miles have been swept by the flames.

### DID NOT FILL THE BILL.